

SKS@J-PARCでのハイパー核実 験

研究会「広い意味での核反応研究のこれから」

2009.2.21

高橋俊行(KEK)

私が今この場にいる理由、、

M2の時に坂口さんとSKSプロジェクトに参加したから、、です。

パイオン弹性散乱実験(E269)
実はSKSの最初の実験
その後、E140a(ハイパー核分光)
E352(パイオン準弹性散乱実験)
をいっしょに行いました。



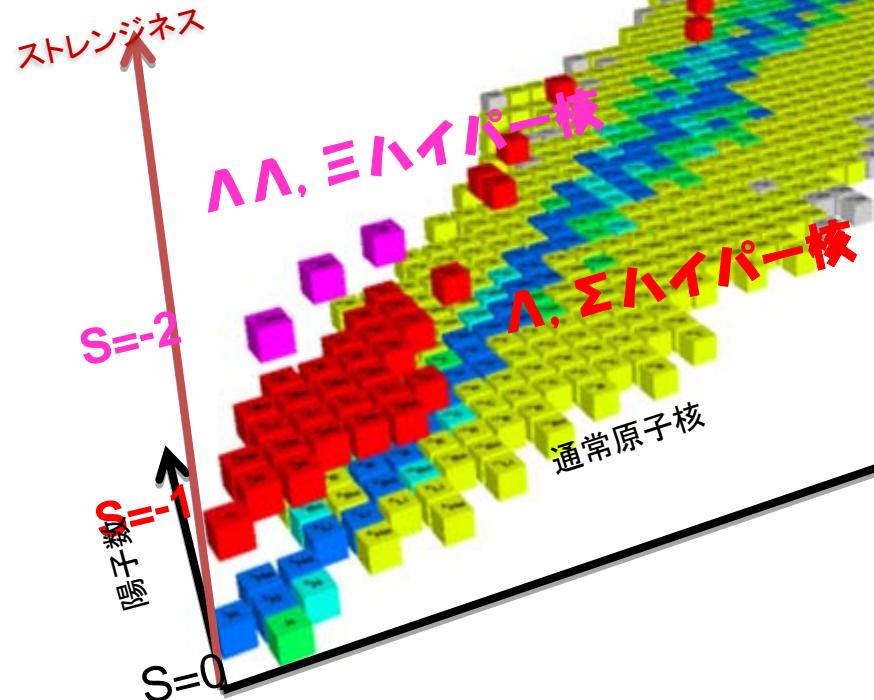
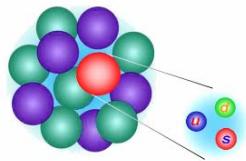
SKS
高分解能
大立体角

$\Delta p/p \sim 0.1\%$
 $\Delta M \sim 2\text{MeV}$
100msr

そのSKSもJ-PARCへ移設され、J-PARCでの実験に向けて準備が進められています。

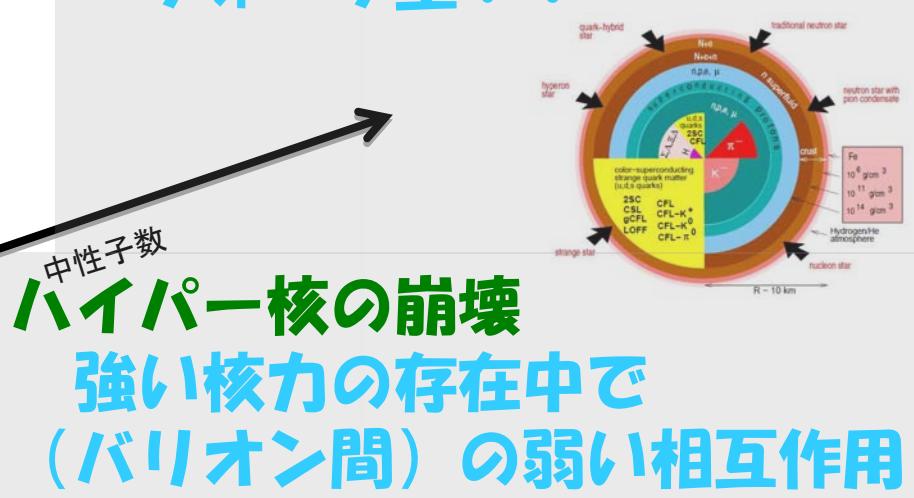
ストレンジ・クォークを含む ハドロン多体系(ハイパー核)の研究

K1. 8ビームライン(大強度K-ビーム)とSKS(高分解能分光装置)で行う研究



強い核力の統一的理解
原子核はなぜ固い?
魔法数の起源?

高密度核物質の状態は?
ストレンジネスが出現!?
中性子星コア
クォーク星!?



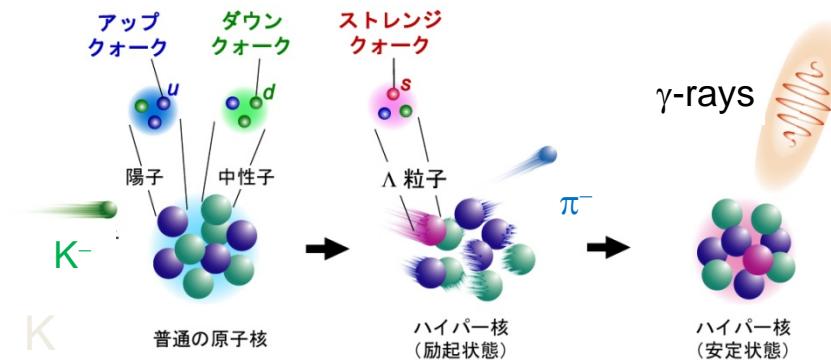
ハイパー核の崩壊
強い核力の存在中で
(バリオン間) の弱い相互作用

Approved Experiments

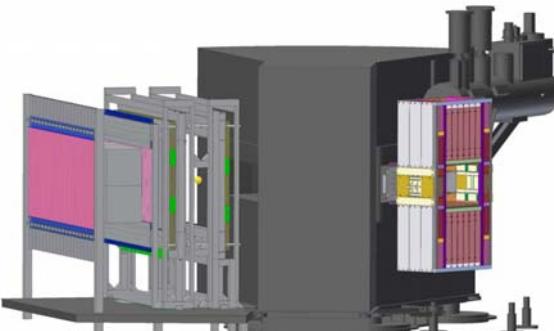
— K1.8 beamline —

	Spokesperson	Title	Status	Beam	
E19	M.Naruki SKS	High-resolution search for Θ^+ pentaquark in $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- X$ reactions	Stage-2	π^- (~2.0)	160 hours
E10	A.Sakaguchi SKS	Study on Λ -hypernuclei with the charge-exchange reactions	Stage-2	π^+ (1.2)	6 weeks
E13	H.Tamura	Gamma-ray spectroscopy of light hypernuclei SKS(SksMinus)+HyperBall	Stage-2 Day-1	K^- (1.5)	1000 hours
E07	K.Imai, K.Nakazawa, H.Tamura	Systematic study of double strangeness system with an emulsion-counter hybrid method	Stage-2	K^- (1.7)	(150+600) hours
E05	T.Nagae SKS+D (SksPlus)	Spectroscopic study of Ξ -hypernucleus, $^{12}_{\Xi}Be$, via the $^{12}C(K^-, K^+)$ reaction	Stage-2 Day-1	K^- (1.8)	(2+4) weeks
E03	K.Tanida	Measurement of X rays from Ξ^- atom	Stage-1	K^- (1.8)	(20+100) shifts
E08	A.Krutenkova	Pion double charge exchange on oxygen Ξ^- J-PARC SKS+D (SksPlus)	Stage-1	π^+ (1.1-2.13)	(3+10) days
E18	H.Bhang, H.Outa, H.Park SKS+ ...	Coincidence measurement of the weak decay of 12LC and the three-body weak interaction process	Stage-1	π^+ (1.05)	(28+72) shifts
E22	S.Ajimura, A.Sakaguchi	Exclusive study on the Lambda-N weak interaction in A=4 Lambda-hypernuclei	Stage-1	π^+ (1.1)	4 weeks

E13: γ -ray spectroscopy of Λ hypernuclei



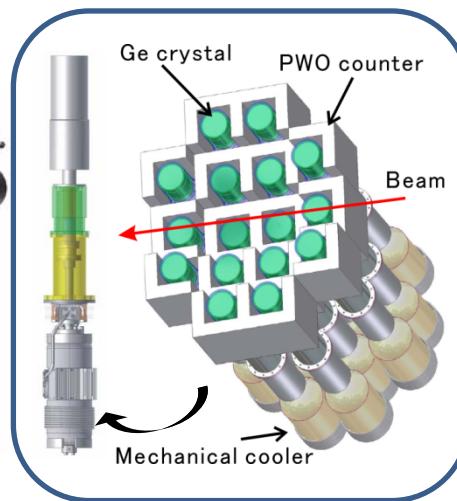
K



SksMinus spectrometer

$\Delta\Omega \sim 150\text{msr}$

production of hypernucleus
 $\Delta E \sim \text{a few MeV}$



HyperBall-J

measure γ -ray transition

$\Delta E \sim \text{a few keV}$

- Study of ΛN interaction from hypernuclear structure
 - spin dependence
 - charge symmetry breaking
 - $\Lambda N \rightarrow \Sigma N$ coupling force
 - radial dependence
p-shell to sd-shell
- hypernuclei $^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}, ^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{B}, ^{11}_{\Lambda}\text{B}, ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$

Understanding B-B int. based on SU(3)_f

meson-exchange picture .vs.
quark-based model

- In-medium properties of Λ
 - g-factor of bound Λ from $B(M1)$
 $^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li} \rightarrow ^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}$ ($3/2^+ \rightarrow 1/2^+$)

Origin of hadron mass ...

E05: Reaction spectroscopy of Ξ -hypernucleus

$^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$ via the $^{12}\text{C}(\text{K}^-, \text{K}^+)$ at 1.8 GeV/c

Missing mass spectroscopy with **high resolution** of 3MeV & **high statistics**

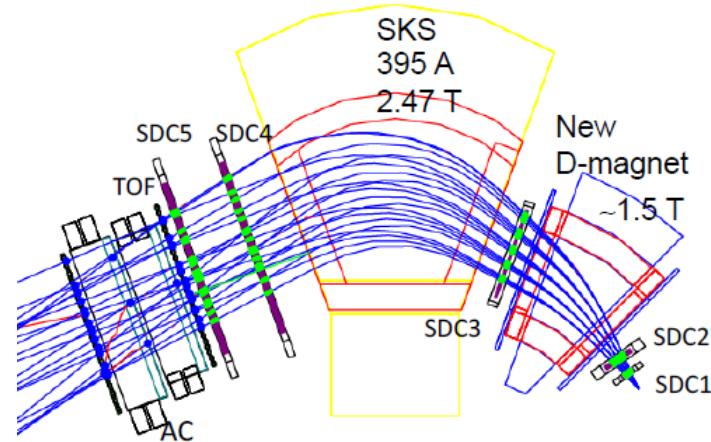
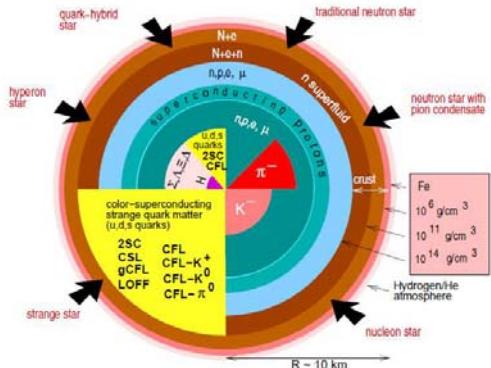
■ Do Ξ -hypernuclear states exist ?

- ΞN interaction
attractive or repulsive ?
- $\Xi N \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$ conversion
Width of hypernuclear states

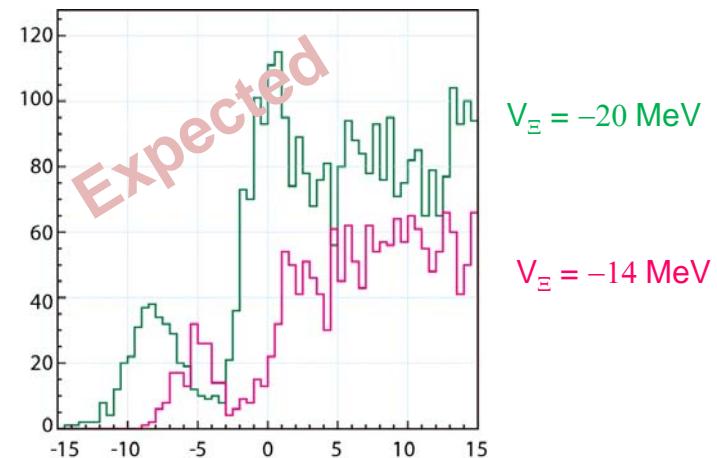
B-B interaction in the S=–2 system

■ Hyperonization in the high-density nuclear matter

- Ξ^- may appear in the core of neutron star
 Ξ Nucleus potential



SksPlus spectrometer



E10: Study on neutron-rich Λ hypernuclei

Produce N-rich Λ hypernuclei by DCX (π^- , K^+) reaction ~1.2GeV/c

Ordinary nuclei (target)

	⁸ B	¹⁰ B	¹¹ B	¹² B	¹³ B	¹⁴ B
	⁷ Be	⁹ Be	¹⁰ Be	¹¹ Be	¹² Be	
	⁶ Li	⁷ Li	⁸ Li	⁹ Li	¹¹ Li	
	³ He	⁴ He	⁶ He	⁸ He		
p	² H	³ H				
n						

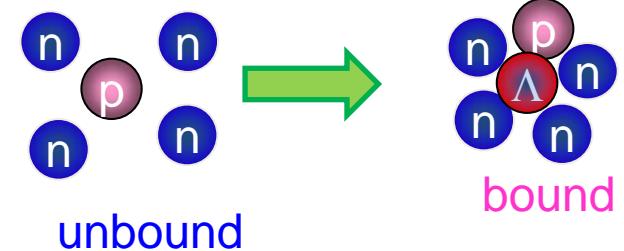
NCX: (K^- , π^-), (π^+ , K^+)
 SCX: (K^- , π^0), (π^- , K^0)
 DCX: (K^- , π^+), (π^- , K^+)



⁹ $_{\Lambda}$ B	¹⁰ $_{\Lambda}$ B	¹¹ $_{\Lambda}$ B	¹² $_{\Lambda}$ B	¹³ $_{\Lambda}$ B	¹⁴ $_{\Lambda}$ B
⁷ $_{\Lambda}$ Be	⁸ $_{\Lambda}$ Be	⁹ $_{\Lambda}$ Be	¹⁰ $_{\Lambda}$ Be	¹¹ $_{\Lambda}$ Be	¹² $_{\Lambda}$ Be
⁶ $_{\Lambda}$ Li	⁷ $_{\Lambda}$ Li	⁸ $_{\Lambda}$ Li	⁹ $_{\Lambda}$ Li	¹⁰ $_{\Lambda}$ Li	¹¹ $_{\Lambda}$ Li
⁴ $_{\Lambda}$ He	⁵ $_{\Lambda}$ He	⁶ $_{\Lambda}$ He	⁷ $_{\Lambda}$ He	⁸ $_{\Lambda}$ He	⁹ $_{\Lambda}$ He
³ $_{\Lambda}$ H	⁴ $_{\Lambda}$ H			⁶ $_{\Lambda}$ H	⁷ $_{\Lambda}$ H

⁵H

Λ



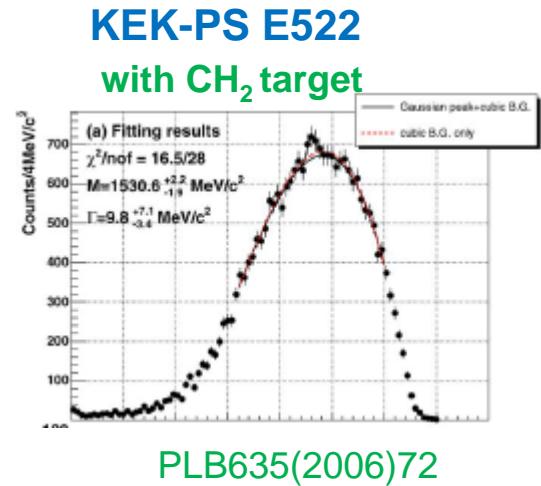
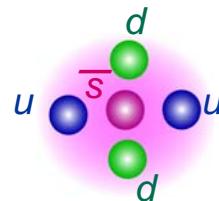
- Glue-like role of Λ
 - unbound (⁵H) → bound (⁶ $_{\Lambda}$ H)
- Change of the structure
 - ordinary nucleus core + Λ
→ hypernucleus + n halo
- Λ N interaction in the n-rich environment
 - core of neutron star
 - Λ N → Σ N coupling effect

E19: Search for pentaquark, Θ^+ , by $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- X$ reaction ~2GeV/c

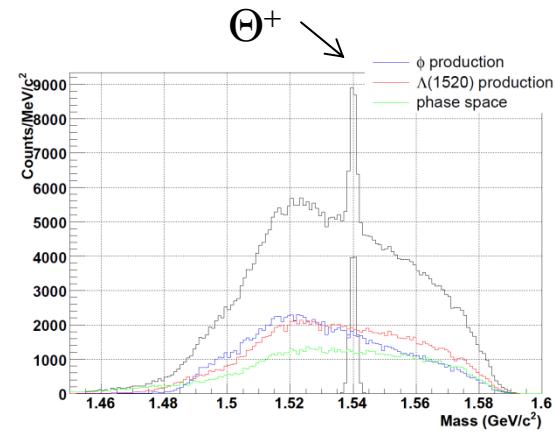
- Exotic five quark state ($qqqq\bar{q}$)
c.f. meson($q\bar{q}$), baryon(qqq)
- Existence/No existence is not established yet.
 - Positive results at low energy
LEPS, etc
 - Negative results at high energy
 - Acceptance is different . LEPS .vs. CLAS
- Very narrow width. Why ?

**Search for Θ^+ by hadronic reaction,
 $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$ channel with Liq. H₂**
 high resolution of ~2MeV
 high statistics of 62 σ

1 week data-taking with 10^7 /spill beam
 based on KEK-E522 result



Expected spectrum



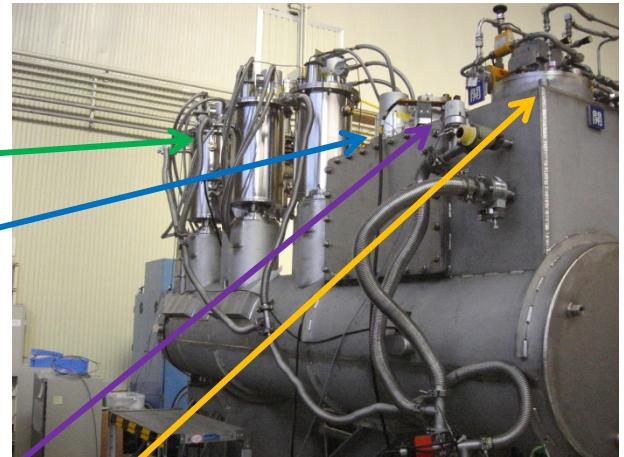
SKS Magnet @ J-PARC

- Modification of cooling system
 - 300W refrigerator → 3.5W GM-JT cooler × 3
 - keep Liq-He
 - Normal current lead → Hi-TC C.L. with GM cooler
- Magnet position of each experiment
 - determined by K1.8 users group
 - SKS0 E10/E19/E18/E22 same as PS-K6
 - SksMinus E17/(E08)
 - SksPlus E05/E08
 - no use E07/E03
(KURAMA)

New cooling system for SKS magnet

Replace a large refrigerator of 300W to

- 3 GM-JT Cryo-coolers
10W cooling power in total
- Shield cooler for GM-JT
GM-JT Power .vs. shield temp.
3.1W @ 71K
3.6W @ 41K
- Anti-convection device for GM-JT
- Hi-TC current leads + Cryo-cooler
- Shield Cryo-cooler (70K)
previously used



GM-JT Cryo-cooler



To cool down, 5000L Liq-He were required at the factory.

Progress of SKS Magnet

- 2006 Measurement of the cooling power of GM-JT cryo-cooler.
- 2008 Jan. Disassemble of 2/3 of the yoke at N-hall, Tsukuba
Coil bessel was shiped to the factory
for modification of the cooling system.
- 2008 May All cryo-coolers were ready. shipped to the factory
- 2008 Jul. **Earth fault at the upper coil.** Impossible to repair.
→ Disconnect of the 1/6 coil block.
Max. Field 2.7 T to **2.45T** (@400A)
- 2008 Sep. Transport the disassembled yoke to J-PARC.
Disassemble of the remaining yoke at Tsukuba.
- 2008 Dec. Cool-down test at the factory.
3W surplus cooling power
- 2009 Jan.- Assemble of the magnet at J-PARC.
- 2009 Feb. Finish the assembly of the magnet
- 2009 Mar.- Setup of the compressor for cryo-coolers,
magnet power supply, monitors...
- 2009 May- Cool-down & excitation test at J-PARC



まとめ

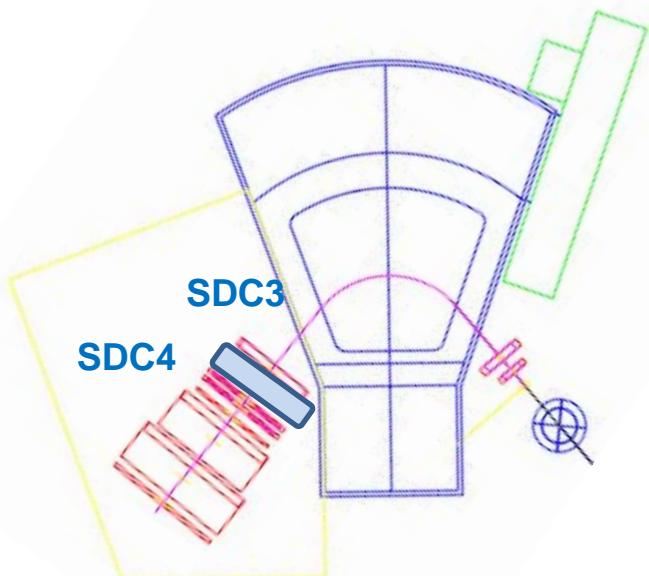
- 私が今ここにいるきっかけとなったSKSはJ-PARCへ
- ハイパー核分光などの研究を行う。
 - Λ ハイパー核の精密核分光
 - $S=-2$ のハイパー核研究
 - 中性子過剰 Λ ハイパー核、ペンタクオーク
- 今年秋(10月)からのビーム運転に向けてSKSは整備進行中

最後に
—これを紹介しないと—

1993年5月13日事件

E140a LogBook Vol.8

1993年5月13日



19:05 Production Target ± 1.4%

" Beam Channel Group 159, 258 - "

21:00

He-Bag 1 = He2 注入完了後, 2 → He-Bag #9200

unbalance 45% = 5% 放電. Wiedertopf.

SDC3

12 本 ? ↗

SDC4

~~12~~ 本 ? ↗

14 cell 上層 13 層目

CM	SCAN (SEC 3000)	DC sep. ± 200 kV	
CM	TM (E)	BH 1@ GC (M)	BH 1@ BH2 @ GC (M)
320	96.2	15.0	2.62
300	95.2	14.5	2.75
280	95.9	14.5	4.87
260	95.4	13.0	5.56
240	96.4	10.6	6.57
220	96.5	8.31	7.22
200	96.32	4.63	1.82
180	96.0	15.4	1.56
160	96.6	15.3	1.86
140	95.9	13.4	5.72
120	96.3	11.7	3.14
100	95.9	13.3	5.66

5/14

SDC3, SDC4X, SDC4T

See p.82

SDC3: 重傷

SDC4X: 並んでの sense 何の事?

SDC4T: 不明 → 何が書いてある?

Pion intensity on target

	K _S EP1(10 ³)	K _S (10 ³)	$\pi(10^3)$	%	MR
92-93 cycle	3.0	2.6	4.1	1.5%	
5/13 月 (8.8 GeV)		1.6	0.8	0.5	
5/14 月 (8.1 GeV)	2.4	2.1	2.06	1.0	7.0

Accelerator improved

Beamline improved
twice

「もう来るな！」と私が言ったとされていますが、、、

私はそんなことは言っておりません。

J-PARCにSKSを見に来てください